Numb. LXXXI.

THE

Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Thurſday, May 28. to Thurſday, June 4. 1730.

The Plain-Dealer. N°. 6.

Ut Pictura Poeſis erit.------ Hor.

THE Verſes in the Cloſe of this Paper, furniſh me with a proper Occaſion to make a few Reflections upon *Poetry* and *Painting*, which may not be unacceptable to ſuch as delight in either, or both of theſe Arts.

The ſurprizing Excellency, which is peculiar to a *great Poet*, is the Skill of conveying to another, by the Help of Words, thoſe juſt and lively Ideas, which riſe in his Imagination, in the ſame Force and Perſpicuity that he conceives them in himſelf. Words in his Diſpoſal are Things: And the Deception proves ſo ſtrong, that the Reader forgets he is peruſing a Book of Writing; or at leaſt takes the Poem for a Piece of Magick, which (as he paſſes from one Period to another) ſurrounds him with amazing Objects, and drives him from Paſſion to Paſſion; tranſporting him into Joys and Griefs, Pleaſures and Pains, with a Violence not to be reſiſted.

The Perfection of the *maſterly Painter* is, to be able to perform the ſame Wonders by *Colours*, which the *Poet* commands by *Language*. His Ideas paſs from his Mind into his Pencil, and riſe upon the Canvaſs in their full Vigour and Proportion. His every Touch is a Creation: The Canvaſs is no longer a level, lifeleſs Surface; but a Scene, diverſified with Buildings, Mountains, Foreſts; or perhaps a Sea, deformed with Tempeſts; a Sky enraged with Storms, flaſhing out Lightning, and Clouds burſting with Thunder: or a Field of War, ſtained with Blood, and filled with Uproar and Confuſion: Or perhaps, the ſilent, ſolitary Retreat of Sorrow and Deſpair; or if he pleaſes, the enchanted Bower of Bliſs, the Reſidence of Love and Beauty

Such is the Efficacy of Words and Numbers; and ſuch the Energy of Lights and Shades, under the Conduct of a ſuperiour Genius: Both equally wonderful in their Operations; both equally pleaſing: But not alike inſtructive; in which Point alone the *Poet* juſtly claims Preheminence over the *Painter*.

It would be hard to determine, which of theſe two Arts requires the greateſt Strength of Imagination, more Experienee, and the moſt unwearied Application. It ſeems equally difficult to *paint* in Words, or in Colours; and to impoſe the one upon the Reader, and the other upon the Beholder, for Realities. The *Great Poet* and the *Great Painter* think alike: But they expreſs their Thoughts by very different Powers: The *Painter*'s Language is his Colours: The *Poet*'s Colours is his Diction. The ſtrongeſt colouring will fade; and the moſt ſignificant Words grow obſolete. Many of the moſt celebrated *Writings* of Antiquity are preſerved: The *Paintings* are all periſhed. The *Painter* is equally underſtood in all Nations: And the *Poet* can diſtribute every one of his Performances into the Hands of all his Countrymen

The *Poet* and the *Painter* may mutually improve one another, by judiciouſly peruſing each others Works. The Similitudes, the Deſcriptions and Metaphors of the One; and the Landſchapes, Figures and Poſtures of the Other; equally tend to regulate and enliven the Imagination.

The violent Motions of Nature are ſo very tranſient, that it is difficult to catch diſtinct Ideas of them from the Life: Whereas when a *Great Painter* has fixed a Paſſion in the Face, the *Poet* may there ſtudy the Workings of it in the Features at his Leiſure: And the *Painter* may in his Turn receive the like Advantage from the *Poet*.

It is true, it ſhews the greateſt Skill in theſe Artiſts, when they arrive to the Perfection of copying happily one from the other. There is not the leaſt Reſemblance between Words and Colours, as there is between Languages: And therefore it requires a ſtrong Faculty of Imaging, and a juſt Manner of Thinking, to be able to tranſlate out of one of theſe into the other without loſing the Spirit.

Theſe Obſervations are the Reſult of what occurred to me upon reading the following *Verſes*; in which the Reader will find a *Poet* copying with Succeſs the Beauties of the greateſt Maſters in *Painting*.

They expreſs the Admiration which the Gentleman who writ them was ſtruck with at the Sight of the Variety of fine *Scripture-Paintings* in the *Eſcurial*, a Royal Palace of the King of *Spain*; in which Place they were compoſed.

HOW lovely ſacred Pourtraiture appears!
What heavenly Charms the bright Deluſion wears!
Lo, unveil'd Glories blaze to Senſe confeſt,
Their dazling Forms in Shape and Colour dreſt!
Seraphs around in ſaphire Shades are ſpread,
And Sky-dipt Pencils the rich Purple ſhed.

Scene after Scene my raviſh'd Eyes purſue;
One ſcarce enjoy'd, another tempts my View.
Here Clouds in Streams of Gold are taught to flow:
See *Paul* entranc'd in beamy Raptures glow.
There, on freſh Flow'rs repos'd, pale Martyrs plain;
Yet new to Bliſs, and languiſhing with Pain:
Soft Cherubs healing Air, and Harps apply;
And circling Triumphs crowd the pitying Sky.

Beneath, on Earth, behold an humbler Scene;
The meek *Meſſiah*, with his Pilgrim Train!
Diſeaſe, retiring, owns his dread Command;
And Health, and Light, flow from the potent Hand.

There myſtick Nuptials ſerious Mirth allow:
Ambitious Chaplets wreath his awful Brow.
Angels in ſilent Streams ſtrange Nectar pour,
And unſeen Cluſters yield a purple Show'r:
The wond'ring Gueſts perceive th' inſpiring Juice;
And ſparkling Cups celeſtial Joys infuſe.

The

The Funerals paſt, here they deſpair of Aid;
While mourning Loves his tardy Steps upbraid:
But ſee he comes! ſee from the yawning Tomb,
The riſing Youth like new-born Lillies bloom!
The frighted Siſters ſhake with pleaſing Dread;
And tender Shrieks ſalute the wak'ning Dead.

What ſmiling Graces, my bleſt Eyes invade?
Hail! bright *Maria!* Hail celeſtial Shade!
Here Virgin Innocence, and Love divine,
Mixt in one Face, in ſweet Confuſion ſhine,
And ſoftly varying blend in doubtful Red,
The tender Mother with the bluſhing Maid.

Such glorious Forms the guilty Temples ſtain,
And Crouds adoring, lift their Hands in vain.

Thus antient *Greece* preſum'd with flattering Skill,
Minerva's awful Beauties to reveal;
Into the Manſions of the Gods to pry,
And paint the Powers conceal'd within the Sky,
Bold *Plato* thus his ſhadowy Science taught;
And *Athens* prais'd the new harmonious Thought.

Vain Theſts of human Art! no Paint can ſhow,
No Words can figure what no Mortals know:
Poorly our faint Ideas all combine
To form an Image of the Power Divine:
He only his own Likeneſs can expreſs,
And radiant Image in full Glory dteſs;
New-mold the Clay, and with his Finger trace
His bright Reſemblance on the ſtubborn Maſs;
Thoſe heavenly Colours on the Mind revive,
Inform the Heart, and teach the Soul to live.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

MILAN, Feb. 11.

OUR Government has received Advice from Florence, that the Electoreſs Dowager Palatine, the Great Duke's Siſter, has renounced all her Pretenſions to the Succeſſion of Tuſcany, in favour of Don Carlos.

Seville, Feb. 23. The Dutch Ambaſſador M. Vander Meer received on the 19th an Expreſs from Holland, with their High Mightineſſes Ratification of their Acceſſion to the Treaty of Seville between the King our Sovereign, and the Allies of Hanover: His Excellency had immediately a private Audience of the King on that Occaſion, and the next Day he had a long Conference with the Marqueſs de la Paz, Miniſter of State, and with the Miniſters of Great Britain and France. Yeſterday the Marqueſs de Brancas, Ambaſſador of France, received likewiſe an Expreſs from his Court, with the King his Maſter's Ratification of the ſame; and we daily expect that of the King of Great Britain, after which the ſaid Ratifications will be exchanged with the uſual Formalities. By the Court of Vienna's having recalled the Emperor's two Miniſters who are ſtill here, it is evident that we ought not any longer to flatter our ſelves with the Hopes of an amicable Accommodation with his Imperial Majeſty, and therefore we go on with more Vigour than ever, to get all Things ready to tranſport into Italy the Infante Don Carlos with 6000 Men of our Troops; and we impatiently wait for the return of an Expreſs that has been ſent to the Court of France to require the Aſſiſtance that has been agreed upon for that Expedition. We hear by an Expreſs from Cadiz, that an Advice Boat arrived there Yeſterday from Vera Cruz, with the News, that the Flotilla which ſailed laſt from Cadiz, arrived there ſafely on the 24th of October laſt, not one of the Veſſels being miſſing; it was reported that this Veſſel brought nothing but Letters for the Court and private Perſons.

Hague, March 12. Our Letters from Alſatia import, that a conſiderable Train of Artillery has been got ready at Strasbourg.

Some Letters from Italy ſay, that upon the Offers that have been made in the preſent Juncture to the King of Sardinia, his Majeſty has declared, that he will obſerve an exact Neutrality.

They write from Bilboa, that an Order of his Catholick Majeſty had been publiſhed there, according to which, all the Cocoa and Sugar that ſhall be brought into Spain for the Account of Foreigners, is to pay a Duty of ſeven per Cent.

It is written from other Parts of Spain, that there would be next Summer in the Mediterranean a Fleet of 60 Men of War of the Line, 20 Galleys, &c. to facilitate the Tranſportation of Don Carlos into Italy with 6000 Spaniſh Troops; and that they were working with the utmoſt Diligence on the Conſtruction of Tranſport Ships in all the Ports of Spain.

It is written from Barcelona of the 26th paſt, that on the 20th of that Month, thirty Veſſels arrived there from Carthagena, having on board 3000 Recruits to compleat the Regiments that are quarter'd in divers Places of the Principality of Catalonia, and alſo 1500 Horſes to remount the Cavalry; together with a great Quantity of Corn and Forage: and that they were at Work Day and Night at Barcelona, to get ready for the enſuing Tranſportation of Don Carlos into Italy: They add, that it was reported that the Court would come to paſs ſome Months there before they return to Madrid.

Hambourg, March 21. The laſt Letters from Berlin import, That the Secretary of France had frequent Conferences with Lieutenant General de Berck and M. de Kniphauſen, Miniſters of the Cabinet to his Pruſſian Majeſty: That it was believed that theſe Conferences turned chiefly on ſome Propoſals for an Accommodation between the Kings of Great Britain and Pruſſia, which were to be backed by the Miniſters of his Britannick Majeſty and the States General, who are daily expected: That nevertheleſs, though there is all the Reaſon in the World to hope for a happy Succeſs of the Negociations of theſe Miniſters, yet the Court of Pruſſia, on Advice of the Preparations that were making by the neighbouring Princes to take the Field, took likewiſe the neceſſary Meaſures to aſſemble a formidable Army; that all the Pruſſian Troops were to be in Motion towards the End of this Month, and that a Manifeſto was actually drawing up, in order to be publiſhed, in Caſe the Negociations at Brunſwick ſhould not have the deſired Succeſs.

Caſſel, March 27. Yeſterday died our Sovereign the Landgrave of Heſſe-Caſſel, in the 76th Year of his Age. The States immediately proclaimed the King of Sweden Succeſſor to his Titles and Dominions, and the Adminiſtration of the Regency was conferred on his Brother Prince William.

Paris, March 31. To-morrow the Court is to put on Mourning for the Death of the Czar, and afterwards for that of the Electoreſs Dowager of Bavaria, Great Aunt to his Majeſty.

They began this Day to plead in the Parliament the Proceſs brought by the Man who was hanged, but came to Life again, (as mentioned in our *Gazette* No. 78.) 25 Years ago, againſt his Wife and the ſecond Husband of that Wife.

LONDON, *Feb.* 12.

It is wrote from Antigua, Octob. 21. That on the 17th of September the Sloop Catharine got in there to refit and recruit with Proviſions; ſhe belonged to Boſton, and had been fitted out from thence for a Voyage to Guinea, under the Command of Capt. Atkinſon, who had formerly been among the Pyrates. Atkinſon ſtole away a great many Negroes from the Coaſt on Pretence of Trade, had ſold ſeveral, and had a good Treaſure on board, which tempted the Crew to Mutiny, and they did it in Auguſt 26, when they ſeized the Captain, ſhackl'd him Hand and Foot, and then threw him into the Sea; the better to cover their Villany from the Negroes, they gave out he was dead, and tying up a Hammock with ſome old Cloaths in it, and an Iron Pot to ſink the ſame, they threw them over-board; then having rifled the Captain's Cabin and Cheſt, they divided the Spoil, and made merry; but the Night before they were to ſail for Boſton, (as they pretended) they got drunk, and not having taken ſufficient Care of the Negroes, 6 of the latter ſwam aſhore and diſcovered the Villany; whereupon they were apprehend-

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ed, and committed to Gaol at Antigua, in order to be tried for their Lives. In the mean Time Capt. Toller, Commander of his Majeſty's Ship the Pearl, hath ſeized the ſaid Sloop, and the Negroes on board, in Number 56, as Effects belonging to Pirates. Capt. Toller hath alſo ſeized ſeveral ſmall French Veſſels on the Coaſt of Antigua, for trading contrary to a Treaty of Peace formerly made between England and France.

March 7. At the annual Feaſt of the Sons of the Clergy at Merchant-Taylors Hall, the Stewards collected in their Baſons, then and at the Rehearſal at St. Paul's, about 520 l. toward placing out the Children of Clergymen Apprentices. Near 115 l. of which, was given by the Ladies for the Daughters.

On Thurſday laſt, at the Seſſions-Houſe in the Old Baily, came on the Tryal of Col. Francis Chartres, upon an Indictment for committing a Rape on the Body of one Anne Bond, his Servant-Maid. The Proſecutor appeared in Court, and proved that on the 24th of October laſt ſhe was hired by the Colonel to be his Servant; and that ſhe had lived with him ſeveral Days before ſhe knew who he was; and that on the 10th of November following, he ſent for her up into his Room to make a Fire, when he threw her on a Couch, and ſhe crying out, he pull'd off his Cap and ſtopped her Mouth, and then did the Crime for which he was indicted; and ſeveral other Depoſitions concurring with Mrs. Bond's, and three ſeveral Perſons whom ſhe had formerly lived with, appearing and giving her the Character of a virtuous and religious young Woman, the Jury, after about three Quarters of an Hour's Stay, returned, and brought in their Verdict Guilty of the Indictment; whereupon he was ſecured by the Keeper of Newgate, and ſeem'd greatly diſpirited. His Goods, Chattels, Lands and Tenements are forfeited by the ſaid Verdict.

And laſt Thurſday the Officers of William Morrice, Eſq; High Bailiff of the Liberty of Weſtminſter, went to ſeize the Goods and Chattels of Francis Chartres, Eſq; at his Houſe in Great George Street, Hanover-Square, but were denied Admittance by the Servants, who made a vigorous Defence; one of them, a Woman, fired a Piſtol from a Window, and wounded a Beadle in the Breaſt; yeſterday the Officers enter'd, and ſeiz'd vaſt Quantities of Rich Plate and Houſhold Furniture, which were carrying away all the Day in Carts to an empty Houſe of Mr. Morrice's in Old Bond Street. Mr. Chartres's Berlin, which he won at the Spaw, together with twenty Horſes, and his Chariot, were alſo ſeiz'd and carried away to Ormond Meuſe.

Yeſterday the Sheriffs of London forbid any Transfer or Payment, of Money at the South-Sea Houſe and other Companies, belonging to the ſaid Convict.

His Eſtates in Lancaſhire and Buckinghamſhire, are all order'd to be ſeiz'd as forfeited to the Crown.

March 8. On Saturday Night the Seſſions ended at the Old Baily, when ten Malefactors received Sentence of Death, among which was Col. Chartres, whoſe Council mov'd the Court before Sentence, that the Indictment might be read in Latin, which was indulged and complied with; but there not being any Flaw in it, no Motion was made in Arreſt of Judgment.

Laſt Night the Earl of Weems arrived in Town from Scotland, and this Morning he went to Newgate to viſit his Father-in-Law, Col. Chartres.

By the Conviction of Col. Chartres, 'tis ſaid that no leſs than 10,000 l. of his Perſonal Eſtate falls by Law to Mr. Morrice, High Bailiff of Weſtminſter, which he has actually Poſſeſſion of, and near the like Sum to Sir John Williams and Mr. Alderman Barber, Sheriffs of London and Middleſex; and that his real Eſtate, which is valued at 200,000 l. a good Part whereof belonged to the Duke of Wharton, falls to the Crown and ſome Lords of Manors: And it is generally believed he will be executed, it being currently reported that his Petition to the King has been rejected.

On Monday there was a numerous and ſplendid Appearance at Court of the Nobility and Foreign Miniſters, in Honour of Her Majeſty's Birth-Day; when the Guns in the Park, and at Lambeth were fired, and the Standard diſplayed. And among other Marks of Joy on this Occaſion, a Cavalcade of about 100 Wool-combers marched in Proceſſion from Biſhopgate-ſtreet to St. James's, in their Shirts, with long Woollen Caps of ſeveral Colours. The Steward of their Company, and another Perſon repreſenting Biſhop Blaze, with a Wool-comb in one Hand, and a Common-Prayer Book in the other, were mounted on Horſeback, wearing long Wigs made of Wool, artfully curled. In this Order they drew up in the Park behind St. James's Houſe, where their Leader addreſſing himſelf to their Majeſties (who appeared at the Window of their Apartment) made a handſome Speech expreſſing the Thanks of their Body for the Encouragement already given to the Woollen Manufacture, and entreating the Continuance of their Majeſties Favour, in order to promote the Welfare of their Community, and to redreſs the Grievances they yet labour under. We hear her Majeſty ordered them 150 Guineas. His Majeſty wore upon this Occaſion a very rich Suit, with Diamond Buttons, and the Queen appeared at Court in a Stuff Camblet: And in the Evening there was a Ball at St. James's.

The 20th of this Month Mr. Crew, one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers, arrived from Paris with Letters from Mr. Poyntz, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, giving an Account, that his Excellency having made Complaint to the French Court, of the Works ſaid to be carried on by the Inhabitants of Dunkirk, in order to repair their Harbour, M. Chauvelin, Keeper of the Seals, and Secretary of State, ſent his Excellency the following Letter, in which was encloſed a Copy of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Order to forbid the carrying on of any ſuch Works, and to demoliſh any that may have been erected contrary to the Treaties of Utrecht in 1713, and of the Hague in 1717.

Verſailles, Feb. 27. 1730. N. S.

'I Send, Sir, to your Excellency a Copy of the Order 'which the King cauſes to be diſpatch'd for the making 'upon the Place the ſtricteſt Examination. Although 'there be no Need of our giving new Proofs, that we 'carry our Fidelity even to a Nicety, I am perſuaded, that 'this new Mark of our Exactneſs will be very agreeable to 'the King of Great Britain and to the Nation: We certainly 'ſhall never give Occaſion for any Doubt in this Reſpect; 'and I beg of your Excellency to be perſuaded, that no 'Man can honour you more perfectly than I do.

Chauvelin.

By the KING.

THE Sieur ——, Captain of his Majeſty's Ships, is ordered to repair immediately to the Port of Dunkirk, there to draw up an exact State of the preſent Condition of the Chenal and Port of the ſaid Town, and to make his Report thereof. His Majeſty enjoyns the ſaid Sieur ——, to cauſe to be demoliſh'd all the Works that may have been erected in Contravention to the Treaty of Utrecht and of the Hague, Copy whereof he will find hereunto annex'd. His Majeſty commands and orders the Governor, Commandant of the Place, the Intendants, Enginiers, and all other his Officers and Subjects, to give all the neceſſary Aſſiſtance in the Execution of the preſent Order, in Caſe of Need.

Done at Verſailles, the 27th of February, 1730.

Signed *LEWIS.*

And underneath, *Phelypeaux.*

On Tueſday the Houſe of Commons waited on His Majeſty at St. James's with their Addreſs of Thanks for his Care concerning Dunkirk. To which His Majeſty was pleaſed to return the following moſt Gracious Anſwer.

Gentlemen,

'I Thank you for this Addreſs, which is very pleaſing 'and acceptable to Me; and I make no Doubt but the 'moſt Chriſtian King will, purſuant to the mutual Fidelity 'which ſubſiſts between the two Crowns, cauſe the Orders 'to be effectually executed, which he has given, at my 'Inſtances, for demoliſhing the Works that have been 'made by the Inhabitants of *Dunkirk*, contrary to the 'Treaties of *Utrecht* and the *Hague*.

The Commiſſaries are going over to Dunkirk, by Conſent of the King of France, to ſee the Harbour put into the Condition ſtipulated by the Treaty of Utrecht.

This Day the Lords were preſented with the Account of the National Debt, as it ſtood on the 31ſt of December 1728, viz. 50 Millions, 339,479 l. Increaſed between the 31ſt of Dec. 1728, and the 31ſt Ditto, 1729, 1 Million, 25000 l. Paid off in the ſame Time, 1 Mill. 773,724 l. Remains on the 31ſt of Dec. 1729, of the National Debt, 49 Millions, 745,755 l.

Antigua,

Antigua, May 3. Here are two Men of War arrived lately from England, one of which is bound home with the Lady Londonderry; the dead Lord is alſo on board in a leaden Coffin, in order to be carried to England and buried among his Anceſtors. The other Man of War is to proceed with a Gentleman who has Orders from Home, to go to Porto Rico, the Havana, and ſeveral other Places to demand and receive Satisfaction for the Damages which the Spaniards are obliged to make good by the Treaty of Peace. A new General is expected here every Day. There is great want of Rain in this Iſland, and the young Canes are almoſt all dried up. Here is alſo a Fever which carries off abundance of People.

NEW-YORK, *June* 1.

Wedneſday laſt we had a violent Guſt of Wind, which partly until'd ſome Houſes, and bent the Iron Spindle of the Weather-Cock on our Church, which is four Inches Diameter. Several Boats were over-ſet, and ſome People drowned. It was more ſevere in Weſt-Cheſter County, where it tore up abundance of Trees by the Roots, overthrew ſeveral Houſes, and did a vaſt deal of Damage in general.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, June 1. *Inward Entries.*
Burdet jun. from Briſtol, Row from Antigua, Meeker from Rhode-Iſland, White from South-Carolina, Blake from Barbadoes. *Outward Entries*, Pinel for South Carolina, Morgat and Luſh for Barbadoes, Thody for Antigua, Bryant for London, Weſſels for Curacoa, Meeker for Rh. Iſland. *Cleared for Departure*, Bickford to Antigua, Wyatt to Curacoa, Judkin to St. Thomas, Pinel to South-Carolina.

Port Burlington in Weſt-Jerſey, May, 30. *Cleared out.*
Brigt. Anne and Elizabeth, Tho. Mumford, to Barbadoes.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 4.

Monday laſt a Negro Man was executed at Glouceſter in the Jerſeys, for aſſaulting a White Girl with Intent to raviſh her; and afterwards endeavouring to kill her by cutting her Throat. She is however like to do well.

This Morning about 7 o' Clock, a Negro Man going out of his Maſter's Entry with a charged Gun upon his Shoulder, in order to go a Fowling, it went off by ſome Accident, and ſhot a Negro Woman that ſtood behind him in the Head, ſo that ſhe died ſoon after.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred inwards.
Ship Conſtantine, Edward Wright, from London.
Brigt. Endeavour, Thomas Bowling, from Barbadoes.
—— Philadelphia Hope, George Spafford, from Ditto.
Scoon. Speedwell, Richard Thomas, from N. Carolina.
Sloop Anne, David Whitney, from Bermuda.
—— Samuel, Iſrael Brown, from Tortuga.

Entred outwards.
Ship Salisbury, Daniel Williams, for Virginia.
Brigt. Philadelphia Hope, George Spafford, for Barbadoes.
Sloop Surinam, Henry Norwood, for Ditto.

Cleared out.
Ship Prophet Jonas, Andr. Lawrence, to Newfoundland.
—— St. Petersburgh, Richard Raikes, to Lisbon.
—— Salisbury, Daniel Williams, to Virginia.
Brigt. Keith, Stephen Hoskins, to Surinam.
Sloop Malley, William Meriot, to Maryland.
Scoon. William and Mary, Will. Whiteſides, to Virginia.
—— Flying Horſe, John Perkin, to Newfoundland.

Buried in this City in the Week paſt, None.

Advertiſements.

RUN away from the Ship *Salisbury*, *Daniel Williams*, Maſter, Four Sailors, *viz. Joſeph Lob*, Carpenter of the ſaid Ship, a full-fac'd well-ſet Man, with either a red or a black Pair of Breeches, and a Cap under his Hat. *Emanuel Rochet*, a ſhort ſpare Man, with his own Hair and a long Coat. *Thomas Crab*, a Lad, with ſandy Hair, and a blue Jacket: The other a Scotchman. Run away alſo from the ſame Veſſel, an indented Servant, named *George Scot*, of middle Stature, ſly Look, and ſandy Eyebrows. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Men ſhall have *Twenty Shillings* Reward for each of the Sailors, and *Three Pounds* for the Servant, with reaſonable Charges, paid by *Simon Edgell.*

To be SOLD,

A Plantation containing Eighty-five Acres, in *Whitpin* Townſhip, joining to *Whitemarſh*; whereon is a ſquare Log-houſe with a Stone Chimney; about Thirty Acres are clear'd and within Fence, nine Acres of it Meadowing, and near Fifty may be made. Enquire of *John Ward*, living in *Combes*'s Alley, *Philadelphia.*

STRAY'D away about 3 Years ſince, a Dun Mare, having a large Star in her Forehead, a black Main and Tail, and a black Liſt along her Back, branded with an M upon her near Thigh; Whoever ſhall ſecure the ſaid Mare with her Encreaſe, and bring them to *John Snider's* at *Whitemarſh*, ſhall have *Three Pounds* Reward. *Note*, She has been accuſtomed to run in *Falconer's* Swamp, and has been often ſeen there in the above Time.

WHEREAS *John Keenhan* of the Townſhip of *Ballymony* in the Barony of *Ballylrit*, in the *King's County* in the Kingdom of *Ireland* (Brother to *William Kain* of *England's Grove*, about 54 Miles from *Philadelphia*, who came to *Pennſylvania* about 46 Years ago, and has 3 Sons by the Wife he firſt married, all ſettled in theſe Parts) is, purſuant to his ſaid Brother's Letter, arrived at *Philadelphia*, but cannot by any Means, tho' he has travelled ſeveral Hundred Miles for that Purpoſe, find out the ſaid *William Kain*, or ſuch a Place as *England's Grove*: Theſe are to give Notice, that if any one can inform of ſuch a Place or Perſon, or any of his Children, as is or are beforementioned, he ſhall have *Twenty Shillings* Reward, paid by the aboveſaid *John Keenhan*, who may be heard of at the Houſe of *Thomas Howard*, Joiner, in *Second Street*, *Philadelphia.*

A Servant Man's Time to be diſpoſed of for Three Years and Four Months; he is by Trade a Currier, and a perfect Maſter of all the Branches of that Buſineſs. Enquire at the *New Printing-Office* near the Market.

IN the Pownd at *Briſtol* in *Bucks* County, there is a Strawberry Roan Gelding, about eight or nine Years old, branded with I:T on the near Thigh, a bald Face, a half Crop on the far Ear, and a Slit on the near Ear, a trim'd Mane, ſhod before, paces a little. *Note*, The ſaid Gelding has been in the Pownd about a Week, and was taken from a Man ſuppoſed to have come diſhoneſtly by him. If the true Owner of the ſaid Horſe will come and pay the Charges, he may have him again. *May* 9.

LEFT in the Stable of *Joſeph Gray* at the *Middle Ferry*, *Philadelphia*, on the 1ſt of this Inſtant *May*, by a Perſon unknown, a black Horſe with a Star in the Forehead, no Ear-mark, but branded on the near Buttock UU. Together with a ſnaffle Bridle, an old breaſted Saddle, and an empty oznaburgh Wallet. If the true Owner of the ſaid Horſe will come and pay the Charges, he may have him again. *May* 14, 1730.

RUN away on the 20th of *May* paſt, from *Matthew Hughes* of *Buckingham* in the County of *Bucks*, a Servant Lad named *John Ford*, about 17 Years of Age, pretty well ſet but ſhort, red complection and freckled, with ruſty ſandy Hair; he has very flat Feet, and goes with his Knees cloſe together and his Feet a little out: He is a Weſt-country Lad and came from *Crookhorne*: Had on a new Felt Hat, a brown Drugget Coat lin'd with light Shalloon, oznaburgh Shirt and Trowſers, and old ſhoes with Nails in them. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Forty Shillings* Reward, and reaſonable charges paid by *Matthew Hughes.*

LAtely imported from *England*, a good new STILL, containing about 45 Gallons, with a Worm and Cedar Tub, very fit for Farmers Uſe, to be ſold reaſonable. Enquire at the *New Printing-Office*, near the Market.

FRENCH is Taught at Mr. *Cunningham's* a Barber, next Door to Mrs. *Rogers* in *Market-Street*, by *Daniel Duborn.*

Philadelphia: Printed by *B. Franklin* and *H. Meredith*, at the New Printing-Office near the Market, where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper, at *Ten Shillings* a Year.